

Mary A. Schweinhagen (304) 347-3188

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THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Good afternoon. This is
Laura, Judge Eifert's judicial assistant, and I would first
like to confirm the court reporter today, Mary Schweinhagen,
is on the line?
         THE COURT REPORTER: Yes, Laura, I'm here.
          THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Who is on the line for
plaintiffs' counsel, please?
         MR. AYLSTOCK: Hi, Laurie. This is Bryan Aylstock
on behalf of the plaintiffs.
          MS. BAGGETT: Renee Baggett also on behalf of the
plaintiffs.
          THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Thank you.
         MS. FITZPATRICK: Fidelma Fitzpatrick on behalf of
the plaintiffs.
          MR. KEITH: Sean Keith on behalf of the plaintiff,
Cherise Springer.
          THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: I am sorry. Would you
repeat your last name, please? I didn't quite get that.
          MR. KEITH: I am sorry. Keith, K-E-I-T-H.
          THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Someone is shuffling
papers or something; it's very hard to hear. I am not sure,
but that's what it sounds like anyway, if we could maybe
refrain.
     All right. Continue, plaintiffs' counsel.
          MS. KOTT: Mikalia Kott on behalf of various
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     plaintiffs.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Could you repeat your
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     name?
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               MS. KOTT: It's Mikalia, is the first name,
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     M-I-K-A-L-I-A; last name, K-O-T-T.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Thank you.
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               MR. WOELLNER: And Andrew Woellner for Ms. Wolfe,
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     plaintiffs.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Andrew, would you please
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     spell your last name?
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               MR. WOELLNER: Certainly. W-O-E-L-L-N-E-R.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: Thank you.
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               MR. BOLING: Mason Boling for various --
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               UNIDENTIFIED: Kimberly Wilson-White on behalf
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     of Joyce Justus.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: I'm sorry. Could Mason
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     repeat your name again, please? I think that's what I
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     heard.
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               MR. BOLING: Yes. Mason Boling, B-O-L-I-N-G, for
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     various plaintiffs.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: All right. Thank you.
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          Is that all --
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               KIMBERLY WILSON: Kimberly Wilson-White on behalf
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     of Joyce Justus.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: I'm sorry. Could you
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1
     repeat your name, please?
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               MS. WILSON-WHITE: Kimberly Wilson-White.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: All right. Thank you.
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               MS. WILSON-WHITE: On behalf of Joyce Justus.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: All right. Is there
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     anyone else for plaintiffs' counsel?
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          All right. May I please have Ethicon counsel?
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Anita Modak-Truran on behalf of
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     Ethicon and Johnson & Johnson.
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               MR. WATSON: Ben Watson on behalf of Ethicon and
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     Johnson & Johnson.
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               THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT: All right. If that's
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     everyone, we are here in the case of Ethicon Pelvic Repair
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     Systems Products Liability Litigation, Case Number
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     2:12-md-2327, regarding plaintiffs' emergency motion to
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     reconsider the scope of wave 1 defendants' medical exams.
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     That's ECF number 1912.
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          Please hold one moment for the Judge.
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               THE COURT: Hello.
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               UNIDENTIFIED: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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               UNIDENTIFIED: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: All right. We are here on plaintiffs'
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     emergency motion to reconsider the scope of wave 1 defense
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     medical exams in the wave 1 cases.
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          And I appreciate you all getting your materials to me
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so quickly. I wanted to do this as soon as possible because I know that there are exams probably being done as we speak right now.

So I have read the materials. Let me ask the plaintiffs first if there is anything they would like to highlight or anything they would like to add to what they have written?

MR. AYLSTOCK: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Bryan Aylstock on behalf of the plaintiffs. Just a few introductory comments, and I have invited the plaintiffs' attorneys with particular plaintiffs where evidence has been submitted to be on the phone as well to answer any particular questions.

But we didn't bring this -- this brief motion for reconsideration lightly, and we recognize and appreciate the Court's prior ruling on the DME progress. It's important to note that we are not seeking to prohibit the defense medical examinations in this motion for reconsideration but rather just a certain portion of this Court's order which disallows audio recordings for the process. And we did that not lightly.

To say that the coordination of the DME process has been difficult is a gross understatement, and I know

Ms. Modak-Truran's on the phone and I think she'd be in agreement with me on that. It's not a slight on anybody's

efforts. In fact, I know that the efforts of defense counsel have been in good faith.

However, we've been forced to deal with a number of complaints and tried to smooth over issues in this process, everything from asking a woman in Mississippi to fly all the way to Seattle. I have an 82-year-old client from North Carolina who is with a 52-year-old disabled son forced to fly to New York for a DME. I know there are some doctors that are closer. And then the case of Ms. Justus where she had to travel 400 miles by car each way for her particular examination.

None of this -- that's not why we're here, but it does highlight the fact that we've been trying to work through this, but certain things have forced us to bring matters to the Court's attention. And they generally fall in three categories:

One relates to very painful, invasive, and, in fact, hurtful and harmful examinations by certain IME physicians in the context of the examination. We've had some issues where women have traveled hundreds and hundreds of miles only to be told that their physician doesn't even know that there is an examination that day and been turned away.

And then we've had some, some situations that are highlighted for Your Honor where the physician is making pejorative comments to our clients about the nature of their

claims and who's the innocent party and who's the victim here and so forth.

But the stroke that broke the camel's back and the reason that we felt compelled to file this motion was really Ms. Freitas and the clients who have complained about the very painful examinations. So far there's only been, I think, about 30 examinations, so there are a lot upcoming. And of those 30, about one third have now had major, major issues.

And I -- if the Court would permit, I'd like to concede the floor to Ms. Fitzpatrick who represents Ms. Freitas to kind of go over what happened with her and why we think we need the audio recording.

MS. FITZPATRICK: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

Thank you for the opportunity to address this issue with you.

Monica Freitas is my client. She has been working with us closely on her case and been trying to cooperate with everything that has been going on here. And she was taken for a defense medical examination; she had to go from Los Angeles to Denver, which was extraordinary difficult for her, but in light of the Court's order she complied with going to Denver instead of finding a defense medical examiner who was closer to her home and would help out more with her scheduling issues, particularly with her children.

And she was -- and I know this personally -- very nervous and very apprehensive about the exam. She was worried about it. And she called us as soon as she got out of the examination room. And I can tell you, she was hysterical. She was literally beside herself, sobbing, hysterically upset, in an extreme amount of pain. She was bleeding vaginally. She was cramping. And she quite honestly, Your Honor, had felt completely violated by what had happened to her in the exam room.

We set that forth in an affidavit. I don't think I need to go through all of the ins and outs of it, but perhaps one of the most disturbing things to her was when she told Dr. Flynn how painful the exam was, how difficult it was for her, and he told her that she had to go through with the exam; that she was required to do it; and that if she didn't go through with the exam, he implied that there would be adverse consequences to her legal action.

And so she felt completely intimidated. She felt completely alone and intimidated in that room. She had felt she had no one to speak for her or to comfort her or to help her through that process.

And it was -- it was a very disturbing thing to receive that phone call. And it was also very disturbing as a plaintiff's attorney to feel that we hadn't done enough to protect her or that there was something going on that --

that we put our clients in this position.

And so not only did she have -- you know, she was then miles and miles away from home. She had to get herself out to the Denver airport; she had to get herself home. And by the time she landed in California, she was still having extreme vaginal pain, cramping, bleeding.

Dr. Flynn told her that the bleeding couldn't be on account of his exam, that it must be that she was having her period. And no matter how she stressed that she wasn't on her period, she knew she wasn't on her period, he wasn't willing to consider anything else and he left her there. He left her in the examining room. He left her there by herself.

And so by the time she got back to California, she did go to an Urgent Care facility and has been prescribed medication, both muscle relaxants as well as pain reliever because of the pain that she was having. And she also later had a fainting episode as a result of this. So it was a pretty egregious exam.

We have other clients who've -- who've been inconvenienced, have had problems, things haven't gone smoothly, but Mrs. Freitas was a really extreme case of what has happened and has raised the issue certainly for us again about requiring these women to go alone into these exams that are so invasive and to be there without someone to

advocate for them, comfort them in case something like this happens, to do whatever needs to be done.

And now we have a situation with Mrs. Freitas that her version of what happened is going to be a he said/she said of what happens in that room, of what Dr. Flynn said to her or didn't say to her. It's just extremely disturbing on a personal level, but it's also disturbing on a -- you know, as an advocate, as someone who is going to be trying Ms. Freitas' case, the implications of what this -- this incident raises for this litigation.

THE COURT: All right. Who would like to speak then on behalf of the defendant?

 $\mbox{MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Your Honor, Anita Modak-Truran,} \\ \\ \mbox{and I will speak on behalf of the defendants.} \\$ 

I will tell you that everything this Court has just heard, as well as the papers filed by the plaintiffs, demonstrates again the wisdom of this Court's prior orders that there not be audio recordings and there not be some third party selected by the plaintiffs because it will only increase the adversarial process.

All of our physicians that have been retained by Ethicon and Johnson & Johnson to conduct the IMEs have at all times acted professionally and courteously in their dealings with them. And I find that while Ms. Freitas has her version of the events, Dr. Flynn has prepared a

declaration. He has reviewed this order. And let me just go through a little bit about what Dr. Flynn says about it and why it goes to the wisdom of this Court's prior ruling.

Because if we add audio and other things, we will be compounding what is a very difficult situation with examining room litigation. And that's exactly where we're at right now. When Dr. Flynn -- first of all, he is a urologist. He specializes in female pelvic medicine and reconstructive surgery. He is the co-director of the female pelvic medicine and reconstructive surgery group. He's an associate processer of surgery and urology at the University of Colorado in Denver. He attended medical school at Temple. He did further training in Pennsylvania. He is licensed to practice law. He is a diplomate of the American Board of Urology. He is an impeccably qualified physician.

And to have this type of accusations upon him, we think, is designed to have a chilling effect on our experts. Because, can you imagine, he was completely surprised when we had to turn around in a very -- as we understood it, the Court wanted to do the hearing on an emergency basis because of upcoming IMEs, but we had to forward him that. We had to say, we need you to tell us what happened.

Now, the good news is Dr. Flynn is never alone in an examining room with a patient. None of our experts are.

There is always an independent witness there, somebody -- a

female assistant to make sure that when this comes up, that we can be able to discharge these type of accusations.

He says in his declaration, which he veri -- which he states under oath is true and correct, that he did examine Ms. Freitas on February 24th, 2016; that he established with her the expectations of the IME; and that there would not be a doctor/patient relationship that would be established.

Ms. Freitas elected to travel to the IME alone.

Nothing prohibited her from bringing a companion. There was no medical necessity reason for her -- for Ethicon to pay for them, but she certainly could have brought family and friends as other people have done on other IMEs.

He told her that the IME would be similar to the one that was performed by the plaintiffs' expert, Dr. Margolis. He gave her expectation. The IME only took an hour. Most of the time was spent taking down her history, and she did mention that she was having cramps and pelvic pain. That's in his -- that's in his declaration.

He did the examination, and he said that he has his assistant who was there in the room at the entire time. He explained to her during the entire -- and we're not talking about a pelvic examination. This is not some sort of invasive procedure. It is a normal, routine procedure that women undergo all the time when they want to take care of their gynecologic health.

He gave her the option to defer the examination, but he did tell her that if she stopped, then he would write in his report that she stopped. There is nothing intimidating about that. That is a fact.

She did cry during the examination; he says that, and he gave her a tissue. When she had regained her composure five minutes later, the medical assistant offered to comfort her by holding her hand, and she declined that.

He continued on with the examination, and he used the smaller speculum, which he --

When the exam was done, Ms. Freitas asked him questions. He did not give a bimanual exam because she said she was uncomfortable with that, and the doctor did not think that this was a critical part of her exam and he did not do that.

Ms. Freitas asked him if -- what was the cause of the pain, was it her mesh, and he responded that it was not part of the IME for him to reveal to her the physical exam findings or share the opinion. We all know here on this call that that will be in the report and that whatever notes he has will be disclosed to the other side.

Ms. Freitas, after she was dressed, the doctor came back out. He sat next to her. He asked her politely if she wanted to use the restroom. She did. She -- he told her that the IME was complete, that she was free to leave. He

walked out with her to the waiting area. There was a cab, and she left.

When she left the examination room, there was no crying. She was composed. There was no signs of bleeding.

And she did not appear in distress. She had -- he had no other patients that day, and he said he did not feel that he rushed her.

He's been practicing medicine for 14 years. He's performed over 1,000 pelvic exams, and he makes every effort to be as thorough, careful, and gentle as possible.

He says that under rare circumstances there are -- can be a need to perform an exam under anesthesia, and that would be where there is children or patients with physical or mental disabilities or fistulas; but he determined that the fact that Mrs. Freitas had other providers that had performed pelvic examination without an anesthesia, that Dr. Margolis was able to perform a pelvic exam without anesthesia, he made a medical judgment that anesthesia was not indicated for her.

And that's just one of the cases.

All of our doctors that were still in the country, we have declarations for. I think there was one doctor that was out of the country, but we provided his report.

I agree with Mr. Aylstock that his process of going through the IMEs has been challenging. I think certainly

that with the Aylstock firm and with the Cart -- Cartmell firm, the parties have been working very hard to work through different obstacles.

For example, one of the plaintiffs here -- and I know because some of this I am personally involved with -- was a lady who decided that she wanted to go 400 miles in a car instead of flying. And, you know, I didn't really understand why she would prefer to take a long car ride rather than fly, but it was explained to me by her lawyer that that's the way she wanted to do it. We made arrangements to have a limo service pick up her up at her home and take her to the examination. Because it was a car service, we said, you know, if you want to bring a companion, go ahead and bring a companion; you are going to be in the car.

What we later found out in this situation -- and this part is very, very troubling to us, because while we thought everybody has tried to work within Court's orders for the IMEs to work under very challenging deadlines -- this particular plaintiff had with her a letter from her plaintiff's attorney which actually was telling her what to say during the examination, to make sure that she took frequent bathroom breaks on the car ride, and that she should go to the medical examination and tell the doctor that she wanted to audio record it and that she wanted to

have her companion there.

And what our declaration shows that's attached in our opposition is that when this particular plaintiff goes to see the doctor, she provides this letter to -- to the intake people and that goes in her chart. And our doctor who's performing the IME, who does not want to be in an adversarial situation -- our -- our experts are working professionals who do pelvic examinations all the time, and the next thing you know, she has in her file this letter saying that, you know, she's got to do this and do that and the plaintiff is going to tell her certain things about where she has her pain and her other history.

And so what she does is she does the proper things.

She called Kelly Crawford, who is the defense counsel on that particular case, and decides what to do. And Ms. Crawford sends her a copy of this Court's order, which is pretty clear that there is no audio and there is nobody present.

And when we raised this, we didn't come running to the Court with this issue, Your Honor. What we did is we went to -- we reached out to the leadership and said can you please communicate with all members of your team that Judge Eifert has ruled in this way, and we are trying to follow her orders, and we are trying to reduce the adversarial process under these challenging circumstances. And the

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response we got was this motion. The response was this motion.

Your Honor, I know that you've read the papers, but I want to be very clear about this. We believe that our physicians, who are the best in their field, have acted professionally at all times. They have been courteous. There have been scheduling difficulties; we admit that. But that is not the doctor's fault.

There is one doctor where a number was left off, and it is unfortunate. And I take full responsibility that there was a mistake made like that. It should not have been made. I understand that if I -- if it was me and I was trying to get to an IME and I didn't have the right address and I was trying to be timely, I would be shaken up by that. And we have tried to do everything we can to make sure that that never, ever happens again. It should never have happened.

But the relief that the plaintiffs are seeking in this case, the one to add audio recordings and to add another person in that room, is not going to have the desired effect of making this litigation any easier. It's simply going to escalate the adversarial process. And I would respectfully request that this Court stand by its original orders and deny this motion for reconsideration.

MS. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor --

MR. AYLSTOCK: Your Honor -- I'm sorry.

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               MS. FITZPATRICK: No. I just wanted to address
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     one thing, Bryan, before you took up the more global issue.
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     On behalf --
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          (Court reporter interrupts.)
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               MS. FITZPATRICK: -- of Mrs. Freitas. This is
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     Fidelma Fitzpatrick; I'm Miss Freitas' lawyer.
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          I'll be honest. I take exception to what was just said
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     by Ethicon because the implication appears to be that
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     Mrs. Freitas has misrepresented or made an affirmative
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     misrepresentation to this Court in this time-sworn affidavit
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     that she signed. That is absolutely, completely, and
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     totally unfounded and untrue.
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          And I would note, Your Honor, this is precisely what
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     the problem is, and that there is right now differing
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     opinions and different factual recitations of what happened
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     in that exam room at that time.
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          I'd also note that the doctor had someone in there who
     has a (phone beep) ally, whatever we want to call it, (phone
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     beep) was there alone. And I think that the patent
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     unfairness of that position is pretty clear from the record
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     here.
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          But I take great exception. I don't think that this is
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     designed to -- to hash out the details, but I take great
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     exception to the fact that Ethicon -- how Ethicon is
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     representing my client and her truthfulness on this call,
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and, I would say, quite shocked by it, and I do believe that it underscores every reasons why my clients have a right to have someone to advocate for them and to be their witness to what happens in those exam rooms.

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me -- let me say this. I have not changed my mind about recordings. I don't think that having an audio recording will help at all with what you perceive to be problems in these visits. I don't think an audio recording of a vaginal examination is going to be helpful. I think it would be too confusing. It could be easily distorted. I don't think anybody will really understand any better what's going on in the examination room by listening to an examination of a vaginal examination. So I'm not going to allow an audio recording. I don't think that would be helpful at all. I don't -- I can't see that.

The next issue then would be the organization or disorganization, and, Ms. Truran, you are going to have to do something about that. These people are traveling too far to show up at addresses that are not correct addresses and show up and have the doctor not know that there is -- that they are supposed to be there or to have someone at the front desk who doesn't know there is an IME scheduled. I mean, there's that -- those things have got to be worked out.

And there is -- you know, maybe these are the only -- I think there were 3 or 4 of those situations listed out of the 10 that were given to me. That's, you know, 30 percent of the 10 they gave me. That's way too many. Maybe out of the 30 that were done, it was only those 3 or 4, but even still, when you've got somebody who's traveling as far as these women are traveling, there shouldn't be errors like that. So I could see, you know, maybe 1 out of 100, but not 3 or 4 or 5 out of 30. That's too high of an error rate.

So you need to get on your people that are doing the scheduling, and somebody needs to be very conscientious about making sure that everybody is on the same page.

Also, I think we talked about the fact that I -- I really wanted the defense to try to coordinate the IMEs so the women wouldn't have to travel halfway across the country, if there was some way that they could go somewhere closer. Maybe you are trying to do that and you just haven't been able to do it in certain circumstances. I can understand that. But I think the organization needs to get a little bit more attention. So I would appreciate it if you would do that.

But, again, you know, an audio recording in the examination isn't going to help solve that problem for you -- for the plaintiffs.

MS. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I --

1 MR. AYLSTOCK: Your Honor --2 MS. FITZPATRICK: Go ahead, Bryan. I'm sorry. 3 MR. AYLSTOCK: I hate to interrupt, Your Honor. 4 This is Bryan Aylstock on behalf of the plaintiffs. On the 5 recording audio issue in particular, one of the things we 6 brought out, and, in fact, defense brought it out in their 7 response, is that nearly an hour is being spent picking and 8 then reciting and then in some cases in a scowling manner 9 cross-examining our women about things that clearly were in 10 their deposition and so forth. 11 And I do think there is an effort to circumvent the time limitations of PTO 205, and I hear what you are saying 12 13 about what the recording of a vaginal exam is really going 14 to sav. 15 But in the case of Miss Freitas, as well as Miss Ruiz, 16 who also went to Dr. Flynn, when she jumps off the table in 17 pain or something like that, it would capture that, but it 18 would also capture this effort to -- to cross-examine our 19 plaintiffs. 20 And, finally, the other thing I'd say is these 21 physicians, okay, they have credentials. We all have 22 physicians with credentials. Dr. Flynn's been a KOL for 23 Ethicon for years. He's been a consultant. He is -- it is 24 an adversarial proceeding. It just is.

These are paid consultants. They have been paid vast

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sums of money over and over and over again. In a lot of cases they've been in direct communication with Ethicon personnel for years and years and years to influence behavior of other physicians.

So I don't think it's fair to characterize them as somehow holier than thou or -- and they are certainly not a court-appointed expert. It's a very different situation, and if special circumstance aren't warranted here for audio recording under the case law, I don't know what would be considered special circumstances.

THE COURT: Well, the case law does not support you at all. I've gone through the case law, and I went through it again today, Mr. Aylstock, and the case law does not support your position.

So what you're talking about is just run-of-the-mill stuff. And the federal courts have almost -- well, the majority. I won't say uniformly. There have been a few odd cases here and there like the one that was cited in your reply memorandum from 1984, but most federal courts have found that this so-called cross-examination by the interviewing physician is just not a compelling or special or good-cause reason to audiotape or record in any way an IME.

Because there are plenty of ways for a plaintiffs' attorney to rectify what they may perceive as the

cross-examination. They are going to get the report. They are going to get the report in advance of any trial. They have their own client's medical records and history. They have their own IME. They have their own experts.

So if there is some glaring piece of history or statement in this physician's IME report that stands out and is inconsistent with everything else in the record, then I'm sure the plaintiff's attorney can point that out and certainly undermine the credibility of the physician who conducted the IME for the defendant.

So I'm not really -- that's not compelling to me. I think having it recorded is not the way that a typical examination is done. It's not the way any of the plaintiffs' IMEs or any of the plaintiffs' examinations have been done. And it's not at this point an equal playing field to have all of the defendants' examinations recorded and none of the plaintiffs' examinations recorded. So we're not going to do that. I don't see any compelling reason to do it.

The main problem here I think that might be disturbing is that if there are -- if there is mistreatment occurring in the examinations. That would be concerning to me.

However, I don't think audio recordings are going to really uncover that because you are not going to be able to tell what's going on, number one; and they can be distorted.

You know, I'm not saying the doctors are holier than thou, but I also am not going to say the plaintiffs are holier than thou. We both know there are true believers on both sides of the V here.

So, you know, I've read enough in these blogs to know that there are plaintiffs out there that are vilifying the attorneys in this case. So, you know, I'm not -- I'm not -- I'm not naive enough to think that every doctor is gentle and I am not naive enough to think that every plaintiff is just sweet and kind and has no hidden agenda.

So, you know, I don't think we can assume -- and, unfortunately, because we're not viewing, we can't deal with this on a case-by-case basis. I'm having to do what is basically a blanket order. So I am not going to order as a blanket matter that there be audio recordings, and I am not seeing anything that makes me think it would be helpful. So that is out of the picture for me.

What I do want to talk a little bit more about is the third party in the room, what has been brought up in this wave 1 situation. I have said there is to be no plaintiff's lawyer, there is to be no representative of a plaintiff's lawyer, no employee of a plaintiff's lawyer, no nurse hired by a plaintiff's lawyer, no consultant; nobody like that should be present during the examination. I've said that in Boston Scientific, I've said that in Lewis, and I still

stand by that. I firmly do not believe that anyone representing the plaintiffs' counsel in any way should be present at the examination.

I've also said, though, in Boston Scientific, if you've got a plaintiff who has a mental or physical disability, who has a caretaker, who's elderly and typically has somebody accompany them into their examinations, then they should be allowed to have that person accompany them into their examinations. I am not going to change their normal, customary routine for when they get their doctors' examinations.

So the question in my mind is, is there some area in between there where you have a woman who may not have, per se, a mental or physical disability but for some reason is so terrified that they want to have a family member accompany them, and should that family member be allowed to stand there during the examination. So that is -- that's where my mind is right now.

What I'd like to hear, I'd like to hear from both sides on that point. What is the position -- I know what the position of the plaintiff would be is, yes, that person ought to be able to be there and present through the whole thing. But if you want to say anything else on that, I'm going to give you the opportunity.

Then I'd like to hear from Ethicon about its position

on whether these women ought to be allowed to have a family member, not only -- I agree with Ms. Truran. They have never said that these people can't take family members with them, ride with them, sit with them in the waiting room. Ethicon shouldn't have to pay for that. But they certainly haven't been precluded from taking somebody with them on the trip if they want to, and pay the expenses.

The question is, if they take someone, a family member I'm talking about, with them, should that person be allowed to go into the examining room. Now, you know, I think in part it should depend on the physician and whether that's something the physician allows or doesn't allow. But I also want to hear what the parties have to say about that.

So let me start with the plaintiffs.

MR. AYLSTOCK: Your Honor, Bryan Aylstock on behalf of the plaintiffs. We did actually submit some sworn testimony from one of the DME doctors that's performing these examinations, Dr. Kenton, on that very point. And I will venture to say that virtually any doctor, OB/GYN, is going to allow a husband or a next friend to be in the examination room. I've certainly done that with my wife without any objection whatsoever on occasion.

And one of the things that Ms. Modak-Truran said just now or a few minutes ago makes it even more important. In the context of what happened with Miss Freitas, as well as

what happened with Miss Ruiz, Miss Springer, Miss Justus,
Miss Bennett, where there was this extremely painful exam,
of course the doctor's going to say they didn't do anything
wrong. And the doctor has the advantage of having
his employee, also being paid by Ethicon in the case of the
DMEs, directly or indirectly, to back him or her up on
whatever is said in that examination room.

So I certainly believe that we're going to have a he said/she said. One side shouldn't have the advantage of some third party without the benefit of another third party, particularly here when we are talking about very personal, invasive exams that can be very painful, and where it's the practice of Ethicon's own expert to perform these to allow whoever the plaintiff wants -- and I hear what you are saying, certainly not a lawyer or a representative of the lawyer, but a friend of the plaintiff -- to be there during this very traumatic experience.

THE COURT: Well, before you -- before you -- before Ethicon talks, let me say this. Two points on that I want to make, Mr. Aylstock.

As far as the -- as far as it being painful. You know, a doctor doing this kind of examination doesn't know ahead of time whether it's going to be painful or not. And I think as a woman, I know that from time to time those kinds of examinations can be discomforting. They can be slightly

painful. And the doctor doesn't necessarily know ahead of time. So I don't think you should get too angry at the doctor if the -- if the doctor caused your client some pain. As long as when the client -- as long as the doctor stops when the client complains of pain, then that's all the doctor can do. I mean, sometimes these examinations do cause discomfort. That's the way that they are, number one.

Number two, you know, the reason that the doctor has the nurse in there is that that is the standard of practice. It may even be the law in some states that they have to have somebody else standing there. So I don't know that that's necessarily a fair comparison. I don't think the doctor has the person in there just so they have some extra person in there to say that whatever they have done is correct or right or to lie for them.

I think that's just the standard; they always have that extra person in there with them. And maybe that's, you know, from like 100 years ago when you just -- those kind of examinations, they didn't want to -- didn't want to have a man and a -- doing that kind of examination on a woman without another woman in the room. I don't know.

But it's a little bit different than what we are talking about now. The one thing I don't want to interject into this is I don't want it to become just a sideshow of evidence, you know, where two people are saying one thing

1 and two people are saying another. 2 So let me hear from Ethicon. 3 MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Your Honor, on behalf of 4 You know, I understand that if somebody is 5 traveling and they want to have a companion in the 6 examination room, and I, you know, I would imagine that all 7 of our IME doctors would be okay with that. In fact, there 8 was one instance where one of the plaintiffs wanted to have 9 her husband present in the room, and he was in the room. So 10 I don't think that's an issue for us. Especially if it 11 relieves somebody's discomfort in traveling. 12 We do the best we can to schedule these IMEs with 13 doctors who are experts in the case who have the expertise 14 in the product at issue. 15 The real issue is I don't think it's fair for Ethicon 16 to have to pay for a companion, a family member, to be there 17 unless that person is -- it's a medical necessity for them. 18 But if it's a matter of somebody traveling and, you know, 19 they have their daughter with them and gave them a level of 20 comfort, yes, I say that is perfectly acceptable. I mean, 21 I've run it -- I'm going to say, yes, our doctors can

THE COURT: All right. Then I think that settles that. I think that I agree with Ms. Truran, that Ethicon should not have to pay the cost of that traveling companion.

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accommodate that.

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I do think that then if the plaintiff wants to take a
family member or a very close friend -- but you.
Mr. Aylstock, I'm going to rely on you and Ms. Fitzpatrick
to make it clear to your colleagues it is -- that that
person is not to be a plaintiff's lawyer, a paralegal from a
plaintiff's office, a secretary, a paid consultant, a nurse,
anybody at all who is in any way connected with the
litigation from the representation side of it, if you
understand what I mean. If it's a spouse, a family member
of the plaintiff, a close friend, but nobody, nobody else.
Do you hear what I'm saying?
          MR. AYLSTOCK: I do, Your Honor. This is Bryan
Aylstock.
          MS. FITZPATRICK: Yes, Your Honor. Fidelma
Fitzpatrick.
          THE COURT: I think that most doctors will be okay
with that. I mean, I don't know why they wouldn't be. You
know, I don't know why -- I don't know why most women would
want somebody else in the room, but maybe they do.
          UNIDENTIFIED: I would never want my husband in
the room if I was having that done but --
          THE COURT: I wouldn't either. I wouldn't want
anybody in the room, I mean.
          UNIDENTIFIED:
                         I know.
                                I --
          UNIDENTIFIED:
                         No, sorry.
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               UNIDENTIFIED: -- for the other side that would
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     like to have someone with her, but I don't think that
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     matters right now.
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               THE COURT: So that's the way we'll do that then.
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     We still -- we will not -- I am not allowing any recordings,
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     but if the plaintiff wishes to take somebody in their family
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     or a close personal friend with them and wants for some
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     reason to have that person in the examining room -- but now
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     that person is just to stand there and comfort, not to
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     interject themselves in any way into the examination, of
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     course -- then that will be fine.
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          Is there anything else on this motion?
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               MR. AYLSTOCK:
                              No, Your Honor.
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Your Honor, the only other --
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               MR. AYLSTOCK:
                              Sorry.
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Bryan, do you mind if I just
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     finish this thought?
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               THE COURT: Sure. Go ahead.
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Your Honor did mention --
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          (Court reporter interrupts.)
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Anita Modak-Truran. And what I
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     was going to address is the Court pointed out that we've had
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     logistical problems and that falls on Ethicon, and we are in
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     complete agreement that that should not happen. We have put
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     measures in place to make sure that there is better
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communication with the IMEs. The doctors know that there is the IMEs, but one area that we needed to do a better job was to make sure that there is communication with the doctor's staff that there is an IME, and that is under way, that we are doing a better job on that. We are confirming addresses. So I am hoping, Your Honor, we never have this problem ever come back to you. We are doing our best to rectify that.

THE COURT: That's good news.

Let me ask you all, while I have you on the phone, you're probably not the right people, but I'm going to take a stab at it.

I have two other motions that are pending, and I don't even know if these are wave 1 cases, but they have to do with PTO 205 and PTO 190, I think. Are any of you who are on the phone involved in either one of these motions?

MR. WATSON: Your Honor, this is Ben Watson for Ethicon. I believe you are talking about the motion for protective order on PTO 205, about filing confidential documents under seal. If so, then, yes, Your Honor, I can, I can -- I can speak to that.

THE COURT: Okay. Really all I wanted to know about that is it looks like we're going to need to set up some kind of telephone call or some sort of process, and I didn't know what you were all doing on that.

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          I was going to have Laura send out an email and was
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     (phone beep) who should get the email, and maybe you can
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     tell me, it would be who, you and?
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               MR. WATSON: Your Honor, I and --
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                              Bryan Aylstock on behalf of the
               MR. AYLSTOCK:
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     plaintiffs. We have not yet responded to that. I did just
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     try to talk directly to Mr. Watson, but I did send you an
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     email before you filed that motion, sort of laying out our
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     position, and I think you said you didn't get it, but I'll
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     resend it to you.
11
          But we're not yet -- we have not yet responded to that
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     motion, but I will probably be one of the ones involved in
13
     the argument, if it gets that far.
14
               MR. WATSON: And this is Ben Watson. Bryan, thank
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           No, I don't recall receiving the email. If you can
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     resend it, that would be great.
17
               MR. AYLSTOCK: Okay. I'll do it right now.
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               MR. WATSON: Thank you.
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               THE COURT: Before we cut you off, with you,
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     Mr. Aylstock, and you, Mr. Watson, if either one or both of
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     you could send Laura just an email giving a summary of
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     the -- does this need to be expedited? Are you going to go
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     on a regular briefing schedule? Do you think you will need
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     a hearing? Just give us some idea of what your thinking is
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     on this particular motion so we know how to plan for it.
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     That would be very helpful.
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               MR. AYLSTOCK: Yes, Your Honor.
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               MR. WATSON: Yes, Your Honor.
               THE COURT: And the other one, 190, has to do with
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     Ethicon not paying its half of the storage fee. Does any --
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Your Honor, this is Anita
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     Modak-Truran, and I have been aware, made aware of that
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     issue. I know there is -- that issue is pending in the
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     Carpenter case, and I have spoken to Andy Snowden, who is
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     our person on that. We do need to pay that. That is the
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     agreement. It fell through the cracks. It shouldn't have.
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     But we do -- we do owe half on that case, of the storage
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     fee.
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               THE COURT: All right. It look like --
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: We checked.
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               THE COURT: Yes. It looks like there is several
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             So if somebody could check into that, maybe that's a
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     motion that can wind up -- those motions can be withdrawn at
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     some point. So if somebody would follow up with that and
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     just let me know at some point what's going on with that,
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     I'd appreciate it.
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Your Honor, on behalf of
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     Ethicon, Anita Modak-Truran, I can do that.
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               THE COURT: All right. I appreciate that.
25
     you.
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               UNIDENTIFIED: The only other issue related to
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     sort of this IME processing, and I hope it's been worked
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     out, but in certain circumstances, Ms. Modak-Truran, you are
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     insisting on 1099s and tax information be provided by the
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     plaintiffs, and, you know, that creates all sorts of tax
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     issues and -- potentially when that really shouldn't, for
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     reimbursement, I mean. And I think you have changed that,
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     but maybe if you could spread the word on that, that would
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     be helpful.
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: All right. I will check into
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            Nobody actually told me that we were asking for 1099s
     that.
12
     for reimbursement, so let me check into that issue.
13
               UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you.
14
               THE COURT: All right. Does that cover it?
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               MR. AYLSTOCK: I think so, Your Honor.
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               THE COURT: All right. Thank you all very much.
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               MR. AYLSTOCK: Thank you, Judge.
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               MS. MODAK-TRURAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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          (Proceedings concluded at 2:19 p.m.)
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## CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER I, Mary A. Schweinhagen, Federal Official Realtime Court Reporter, in and for the United States District Court for the Southern District of West Virginia, do hereby certify that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States Code that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the stenographically reported proceedings held in the above-entitled matter and that the transcript page format is in conformance with the regulations of the Judicial Conference of the United States. s/Mary A. Schweinhagen March 18, 2016 MARY A. SCHWEINHAGEN, RDR, CRR FEDERAL OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

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